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INTRODUCTION VIDEO

2) Watch the video and pick up the words related to justice:

charge evidence magistrates sentence
crime judges offender

3) Match the words in the left column with those in the right column:

collocation a sentence is passed / a decision is made / an offender is charged / a scenario is based ..the evidence is heard

4

) RECORD your answers to the following questions:

You will hear the case of an offender:

What has he been charged with? _____ criminal offence _____

What is he waiting for? _____ his sentence/ waiting to hear their fate _____

How long will his story last? _____ 5 minutes _____

What will you hear? _____ you will hear the evidence _____

What will you decide? _____ you will decide on the sentence _____

What will you have to compare? _____ your sentence with the actual sentence _____

Select NEXT and answer the question

Select the **CRIMINAL DAMAGE** case

5) What is their function?

the lady who talks first: _____ magistrate _____

the man in the stand: _____ police officer _____

the bald man: _____ legal adviser _____

the lady with darker hair: _____ prosecutor _____

the lady in the stand: _____ witness _____

the black man: _____ defence advocate _____

6) Facts of the case:

date:	23rd of March
time:	I was woken in the middle of the night
place:	staggering down the street.
offender's attitude:	staggering shouting at the top of his voice
action:	you damaged three vehicles and a garage door
reason why he escaped:	I opened the window and shouted at him to stop. At that point he ran off.
Who called the police?	<i>Witness in the stand</i>
police arrival time	We arrived at the scene at 2:37 am
offender's action on police arrival	the defendant spraying graffiti on a garage door.
evidence found by the police on offender	we found a key marked with paint
cost of the damage	We estimate the cost of the damage at £1,500.

7) Who can be a magistrate? members of the community. People like you and me

8) RECORD your answer to the following question: do you think Robert's previous conviction is significant? When and why was he first convicted?

_____ damaging property _____ My client's previous conviction was seven years ago and was committed when he was a juvenile

9) Multiple choice questions

A mitigating factor is a fact which

a) alleviates a sentence.

- b) aggravates a sentence.
- c) explains a sentence.

Robert Horton

- a) is a drunkard.
- b) drinks only occasionally.
- c) never drinks.

On that day: he was drunk because

a) of a personal problem.

b) it was his birthday.

c) he had been fired.

The defence solicitor considers as a mitigating factor

a) Horton's being drunk.

b) Horton's reason for being drunk.

c) Horton's age.

11) Say whether the following statements are right or wrong. Justify with a quote from the text.

Stephen Bryant was a witness at Horton's trial.

W

_____ Your worships will have seen a letter from Stephen Bryant__

He is Horton's boss.

R

_____ Mr Horton's employer_____

Horton has changed job several times over the past year.

W

Mr Horton has had a steady job as a delivery man for over a year_____

He has carried items for Mr. Bryant's firm.

R

___ as a delivery man _____

He will keep his job whatever the sentence may be.

W

___ If he received a prison sentence, he would lose his job, ___

13) Match the different sentences to their definitions

Fine	an amount of money that you must pay for breaking a law or rule
community sentence	a punishment where a convicted person is sentenced to do work in the local community. work that someone has to do in their free time as punishment .
Probation (mise à l'épreuve/ mise en liberté surveillée)	a system where criminals are not sent to prison provided that they continue to behave well under the supervision of an officer.
Curfew couvre-feu	An interdiction to leave home during particular times.
unpaid work	a job for which you receive no salary
electronic tag	a device attached to someone which sets off an alarm if removed or if the person moves away.