Worksheet Week 3: Airport Security

An	stream of p	assengers heading for	or security at	airport. We are used to tal	king off
no	, the	down. But after	the attac	ck on Christmas day, security is	changing again.
Here at	and o	ther airports, you'll s	see more dogs like Cl	narlie and they won't just	your bags. Ir
response t	to the	Christmas day	, dogs will be	you as well.	
How do yo	ou feel about be	ing by a	gob?		
No	at all, abso	lutely no problems. I	t's better than being	up on a plane, isn't	: it?
I don't mir	nd my	_ but me it would be	e a bit weird.		
Another cl	hange : there w	rill be more swabbing	g:,	,, anything you h	ave wil
be swabbe	ed to check for _	material.			
Perhaps tl	he most	new security _	: the body	scanner. It produces a	/
image of t	he passenger	started u	sing it this week,	will get theirs next mo	nth.
Are you _	with s	omeone seeing wha	t is effectively a nake	d image of you ?	
I have no	othing to	as long as it h	olds the data kept	, or what have you	? yeah, it's all for
	_, yeah, I am all	for it.			
It does see	em to be a bit _	at times b	out as long as, you ki	now, they don't hold that data	in any way, or you
don't find	it, you know, _	up on the _	anywhere		
The gover	nment has sai	d nowill	be kept and people	e the equipment	will be vetted. But
concerns r	remain:				
Body scan	ners won't find	the explosive	inside the	and something, that may	/privacy
	_: children will a	also be scanned. I thi	nk the view is that th	ese images are not considered	to be
The Scree	n operators w	ill not be able to s	see the individuals	as theythrough. T	he images will be
	_ straight away.	But children are OK	to be Ab	solutely.	
So from no	ow on we could	be frisked,	, swabbed and	be looked at	before we board
our plane.	The governmen	nt says it's a	response to a real	·	
<u>A) Co</u>	mprehension o	uestions:			
Where has	s this video bee		·	ngers used to?	
What is th	e dog supposed				
What does	s swabbing cons	sist in? What is the po	oint?		
What diffe	erent objects wi	ll be swabbed?			
What is th	e newest secur	ty system mentioned	d? Is this airport the f	irst to use this system in the UI	</td
ls every pa	assenger going t	hrough the system o	r are there exception	ns?	
Which two	main reproach	es have been made	to this system?		

B) Find in the script synonyms for the following wor	
Going towards:	Instruments, tools:
Exploded:	Shock:
Strange:	Activists:
Raising opposite opinions:	Erased:
Carefully chosen:	Searched:
Problems:	Menace:
C) Grammar:. 1) to be used to + Ving // to be accustomed to. (see They are used to taking off their shoes for security check. (passengers-to leave- bottles- dustbin)	
(they- to be patted down)	
And in a few months' time, (they-dogs- to sniff- them)	
(they – to get body scans- to have- belongings- swabbed)	
2) as long as // on condition that // provided that. She doesn't mind being scanned as long as the images are The interviewed man also thinks it's all right as long as the	kept securely. photos aren't published on the net.
	(you / to accept /to be body
scanned)	
	is long as(children /not to be
concerned)	
	(the operators /not to see their faces)
3) <u>Pronoms possessifs</u> Heathrow terminals have their scanners. Gatwick termina	Is will have their scanner next month = theirs
Dogs sniff passengers' bags and if you have one,they'll sni	ff
Passengers must take off their shoes. This lady took	off.
She doesn't mind her bag being sniffed, I wouldn't really I	keto be sniffed.
<u>4) stressed form</u> It does seem to be a bit intrusive = it really seems to be a	pit intrusive.
They said the images won't be kept= they	that images won't be kept.
 D) Bodyscan Leaflet 1) In the video you learned that: Full body scanners had been introduced after a f where the plane was going. 	ailed bomb attempt: say which airline was concerned and
The device used a new technology: How does it w	ork?
An officer watched the image of the body: What h	appens after that?
Images were immediately erased: What guarantee	es it?

It was a safe device: Who can go through it?						
Security officers had been vetted: What kind of ch	eck did they undergo?					
2) Compulsion and selection process: Complete the f	Compulsion and selection process: Complete the following sentences using the prompts					
If you were asked to be scanned and really needed to boa	rd the plane, (cannot-to refuse)					
If a passenger is selected, (not to be offered an alternative	2)					
If he had refused to be screened, (cannot- to travel)						
If he doesn't travel, (to lose one's ticket)						
3) Find translations for the following expressions in t						
le feu vert	minimiser l'efficacité					
un niveau de sécurité	casier judiciaire					
fouille corporelle	position ferme					
traits distinctifs	code de conduite					
traits du visage	durée					
souci majeur E)Pair work						
STUDENT A's QUESTIONS (Do not show to Student B) 1) What images spring to mind when you hear the term 'racial profiling'? 2) What exactly is racial profiling? 3) Is racial profiling OK if it leads to a reduction in terrorist attacks? 4) In what ways are motorcycles better than cars? 5) Do you agree with racial profiling in regards to airport security? 6) Is racial profiling simply a form of government-sponsored racism? 7) Does racial profiling lead to the harmful stereotyping of different races as criminals and/or terrorists? 8) Do you think racial profiling will alienate those profiled and thus lead to greater social problems? 9) What is an alternative to racial profiling? 10) How would you feel if you were suspected of wrongdoing because of your colour or race?	STUDENT B's QUESTIONS (Do not show to Student A) 1) Does your government take part in racial profiling? 2) Is racial profiling a good or a bad thing? 3) What are governments' arguments for carrying out racial profiling? 4) Which races are targeted most under racial profiling? Is this fair? 5) Do you think any government targets white people under racial profiling? 6) Is it racial profiling or religion profiling? Which would be worse? 7) Are you guilty of subconsciously (or otherwise) racial profiling? 8) Is racial profiling the same as the law of probability? 9) What do you know about the history of racial profiling? 10) How do you think airport staff are trained in racial profiling?					
F) Profiling and airport security1) Give the criteria Lise Van Susteren lists :						
ineffective waste of law enforcement resources," said L Union Washington Legislative Office. "Using race, ethnicit scrutiny does nothing to make us safer, but does a great	n policing tactic, it also erodes community trust and is ar aura W. Murphy, Director of the American Civil Liberties y, national origin or religion to single out people for police deal to deepen racial divides in America. Racial profiling is essage that some citizens do not deserve equal protection					

Does Lise Van Susteren agree with that?

3) What is the commonsense approach she mentions?	
4)Is it used extensively?	
5) What does she say about the efficiency of that method?	
6) Among the signs shown here, some are not mentioned in the behavioral profiling method : which ones ? wea glasses, dry mouth, scratching one's nose, sweat on one's forehead	ring
7) Explain what she calls a disharmonious presentation?	
8) She mentions one country where people are trained to use this method. Which one?	
9) If one person is detected as a suspect what will happen?	
10) Are the people supervising passengers airport officers?	
11) What is the point of it?	
12) Complete the following extract: They will look at a whole array of behavioral: What are you wearing is it hot out? Do you have a neck ? are you for the weather? Do you have too much luggage , not luggage ? are you with ? Who are you congregating with, who are you congregating with during the of trajectory through the airport. These are all things that they can out having studied what the	Who your
person does. 13) What is here reaction to the newscaster's last argument?	